

# Instruction Manual

30 Series Auto, 2 Speed Electric Power Unit Model – PEM3024



**Maximum Operating Pressure – 700 bar** 



This is a safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid injury or death

# **1.0 Product Information**

DURAPAC – 30 Series Auto 2 Speed Power Units are engineered to meet Industrial Standards for Performance and Safety. The PEM3024 model delivers 10.5 Lpm up to 100 bar and 2.1 Lpm up to 700 bar pressure. The power unit has a built in low pressure unloading valve, a 700 bar safety pressure relief valve and is driven by a 3.0 kW 415 Volt/50 Hz 3 phase electric motor.

Special skill, knowledge and training may be required for a specific task and the product may not be suitable for all jobs. The user must ultimately make the decision regarding suitability of the product for any given task and assume the responsibility of safety for all in the work area. Contact a Durapac representative if you are unsure of your power unit's suitability for a particular application.

# **2.0 Receiving Instructions**

It is recommended prior to use that an inspection be done by qualified personnel and that any missing or damaged parts, decals, warning/safety labels or signs are replaced with Durapac authorised replacement parts only. Any power unit that appears to be damaged in any way, is worn, leaking or operates abnormally should be removed from service immediately until such time as repairs can be made. Any power unit that has been or suspected to have been subject to a shock load should be removed from service immediately until inspected by a Durapac authorised service centre. Owners and operators of this equipment should be aware that the use and subsequent repair of this equipment may require specialised training and knowledge.

# 3.0 Safety

Save these instructions. For your safety, read and understand the information contained within. The owner and operator should have an understanding of this product and safe operating procedures before attempting to use this product. Instructions and safety information should be conveyed in the operator's native language before use of this product is authorised. Make certain that the operator thoroughly understands the inherent dangers associated with the use and misuse of the product. If any doubt exists as to the safe and proper use of this product as outlined in this factory authorised manual, remove from service immediately.



#### DANGER:

- To avoid personal injury keep hands and feet away from work area during operation
- **Do NOT** handle pressurised hoses. Escaping oil under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury. If oil is injected under the skin, see a doctor immediately
- Stay clear of loads supported by hydraulics. A cylinder, when used as a load lifting device, should never be used as a load holding device. After the load has been raised or lowered, it must always be supported mechanically



#### WARNING:

• The system operating pressure must not exceed the pressure rating of the lowest rated component in the system. Install pressure gauges in the system to monitor

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operating pressure. It is your window to what is happening in the system

- Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when operating hydraulic equipment. The operator must take precaution against injury due to failure of the tool or work piece(s)
- **Do NOT** hold or stand directly in line with any hydraulic connections while pressurising
- **Do NOT** attempt to disconnect hydraulic connections under pressure. Release all line pressure before disconnecting hoses
- All personnel must be clear before lowering load or depressurising the system
- Do NOT attempt to lift a load weighing more than the capacity of the cylinder

#### **IMPORTANT:**

- If at any stage, the safety related decals become hard to read, these must be replaced
- Minimum age of the operator must be 18 years. The operator must have read and understood all instructions, safety issues, cautions and warnings before starting to operate the equipment. The operator is responsible for this activity towards other persons
- **Do NOT** lift hydraulic equipment by the hoses or couplers. Use the carrying handle or other means of safe transport
- Hydraulic equipment must only be serviced by a qualified hydraulic technician. For repair service, contact the Durapac authorised service centre in your area. To protect your warranty, use only high quality hydraulic oil

## CAUTION:

- **KEEP HYDRAULIC EQUIPMENT AWAY FROM FLAMES AND HEAT.** Hydraulic fluid can ignite and burn. Excessive heat will soften packings and seals, resulting in fluid leaks. Heat also weakens hose materials and packings. For optimum performance do not expose equipment to temperatures of 65°C (150°F) or higher. Protect all equipment from weld spatter
- No alteration should be made to this device

#### **3.1 Hydraulic Power Units**

- **Do** use a gauge or other load measuring instrument to verify load
- **Do NOT** exceed the rated capacity of the power unit or any equipment in the system. Burst hazard exists if connection pressure exceeds rated pressure
- Do NOT operate the system with bent or damaged couplers or damaged threads
- **Do NOT** subject the power unit and its components to shock loads
- Use only Durapac approved accessories and components
- **Do NOT** connect to an application which can return more oil to the reservoir than the power unit reservoir can hold
- **Do NOT** connect power unit to a hydraulic system that is powered by another pump

## **3.2 Hydraulic Hoses & Fluid Transmission Lines**

- Avoid short runs of straight line tubing. Straight line runs do not provide for expansion and contraction due to pressure and/or temperature changes
- Reduce stress in tube lines. Long tubing runs should be supported by brackets or clips. Before operating the pump, connections should be tightened securely and leak-free. Over tightening can cause premature thread failure or high pressure fittings to burst
- Should a hydraulic hose ever rupture, burst or need to be disconnected, immediately shut off the pump and release all pressure. Never attempt to grasp a leaking pressurised hose with your hands. The force of escaping hydraulic fluid can inflict injury
- **Do NOT** subject the hose to potential hazard such as fire, sharp objects, extreme heat or cold or heavy impact
- **Do NOT** allow the hose to kink, twist, curl, crush, cut or bend so tightly that the fluid flow within the hose is blocked or reduced. Periodically inspect the hose for wear
- Hose material and coupler seals must be compatible with the hydraulic fluid used. Hoses also must not come in contact with corrosive materials such as battery acid, creosote-impregnated objects and wet paint. Never paint a coupler or hose

FAILURE TO HEED THESE WARNINGS MAY RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY AS WELL AS PROPERTY DAMAGE.

## 4.0 Installation

- ▲ **IMPORTANT:** Always secure threaded port connections with high grade, non-hardening pipe thread sealant. Teflon tape can be used if only one layer of tape is used and it is applied carefully, two threads back, to prevent the tape from being introduced into hydraulic system, which could cause jamming of precision-fit parts
- ▲ To avoid power loss between the electrical outlet and the power unit motor, use the shortest possible extension cord
  - 4.1 Familiarise yourself with the specifications in this owner's manual. Know your power unit, its limitations and how it operates before attempting to use. Refer to the specification chart below or if in doubt, contact a Durapac representative.

Model	kW	Voltage	Hz	Amps	Usable Oil Capacity (L)	Maximum Pressure	Flow Rate (Lpm)	Weight	
Number		(3 Phase)			Capacity (L)	Rating (bar)	100 bar	700 bar	(kg)
PEM3024	3.0	415	50	6.30	20	700	10.5	2.1	71

- 4.2 Ensure a **clockwise motor rotation** when motor is viewed from the fan end.
- 4.3 Make hydraulic connections Clean all areas around the oil port of the power unit and cylinder. Clean all hose ends, couplers and union ends. Remove the manifold plug and then connect oil output port to suitable fittings and application/cylinder.
- 4.4 Check all system fittings and connections to be sure they are tight and leak free.

- 4.5 Check oil level in reservoir before operating the power unit.
- 4.6 Remove air from the system Air can accumulate in the hydraulic system during the initial setup or after prolonged use, causing the cylinder to respond slowly or in an unstable manner. Should removal of air from power unit be required, please follow the steps in 6.2 Bleeding Air from the System in the Maintenance Section.

## 5.0 Operation



#### **IMPORTANT:**

- Always monitor pressure, load or position using suitable equipment. Pressure may be monitored by means of an optional manifold and gauge. Load may be monitored by means of a load cell and digital indicator. Correct application position can only be determined by the operator of the equipment
- **Do NOT** operate a pump that is disconnected from the application. If operated in this condition, the hose and connections will become pressurised. This increases the chance of a burst hazard. Damage may also occur to the pump and its components

#### **5.1 Before Using the Power Unit**

- 5.1.1 Check all system fittings and connections to be sure they are tight and leak free.
- 5.1.2 Check oil level in reservoir.
- 5.1.3 Ensure the air breather is fitted to the power unit.

**CAUTION:** The vent plug must be open whenever the power unit is running

#### 5.2 Lifting

- 5.2.1 Start the motor with the valve in a neutral or discharge position.
- 5.2.2 With a manual directional control valve, turn the handle of the valve to the "A" position to advance the cylinder. The operator should ensure appropriate flow control valves are closed to hold load positively if required.
- 5.2.3 To stop advancing of the cylinder move the directional control valve handle to the centre or neutral position. Some pressure loss through the control valve may be experienced at this point, but load should be held by the load holding valve if fitted.

#### 5.3 Lowering

- 5.3.1 To lower a single acting cylinder stop the motor and after ensuring the load control valve is closed move the directional control valve handle to the "B"position. Slowly open the load control valve to lower the cylinder.
- 5.3.2 To lower a double acting cylinder move the handle of the directional control valve to the "B" position while the motor is on. Ensure appropriate pilot check valves or other load lowering valves are fitted to the cylinder to achieve a controlled lowering of the load. If in doubt refer to Durapac for further guidance.

5.3.3 With electric valves, the sequence is the same, by pushing on the corresponding button of the remote control.

## **5.4 Pressure Adjustment**

The directional control valve subplate is fitted with an adjustable pressure relief valve. The operator can dial in the maximum desired pressure required for the application at hand. The pressure adjusting range is from 0-700 bar.

## 6.0 Maintenance



#### **IMPORTANT:**

- Check oil level regularly
- Use only good quality hydraulic fluid. **Do NOT** use brake fluid, transmission fluid, turbine oil, motor oil, alcohol, glycerine etc. Use of anything other than good quality hydraulic oil will void warranty and damage the pump, hose, and application. We recommend Durapac Hydraulic Oil or equivalent
- Equipment must only be serviced by a qualified hydraulic technician. For repair service, contact your local Durapac authorised service centre
- Tighten connections as needed. Use non-hardening pipe thread compound when servicing connections

Dirt, sand, etc. will quickly ruin any hydraulic system. Ensure that couplings are clean and free of foreign matter. After each use, clean couplings and attach dust caps.

Maintenance is required when wear or leakage is noticed. Periodically inspect all components to detect any problem that may require service and maintenance.

## 6.1 Adding Hydraulic Fluid

- ▲ WARNING: Always add oil with cylinders fully retracted (or extended, if pull cylinders) or the system will contain more oil than the reservoir can hold
  - 6.1.1 Depressurise and disconnect hydraulic hose from application/cylinder.
  - 6.1.2 With the power unit in its upright, horizontal position, remove the air vent plug located on the top plate of the reservoir.
  - 6.1.3 Take out the filling plug.
  - 6.1.4 Use a small funnel to fill the oil to within 20mm of the opening.
  - 6.1.5 Bleed air from system if necessary.
  - 6.1.6 Wipe up any spilled fluid and reinstall the air vent plug/reservoir cap.

#### 6.2 Bleeding Air from the System

- 6.2.1 Repeat Steps 6.1.1 to 6.1.4 (above) if required.
- 6.2.2 Invert cylinder and place at a lower level than the power unit reservoir.

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- 6.2.3 Extend and retract the cylinder several times without putting a load on the system. Air will be released into the pump reservoir.
- 6.2.4 Recheck oil level after removing air.

#### 6.3 Changing Hydraulic Fluid

- ▲ For best results, change fluid once a year or every 300 hours of use
  - 6.3.1 Repeat Steps 6.1.1 to 6.1.3 (above).
  - 6.3.2 Pour used fluid into a sealable container.
  - 6.3.3 Repeat Steps 6.1.3 to 6.1.6 (above).
  - 6.3.4 Dispose of fluid in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.4 Storage

- 6.4.1 When not in use, depressurise and disconnect the power unit from the application.
- 6.4.2 Wipe clean thoroughly and store in a clean, dry environment. Avoid temperature extremes.
- 6.4.3 For transportation or long storage, replace the air vent plug with the shipping plug.

# 7.0 Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
Motor will not start	Inadequate or faulty electrical supply	<ul> <li>Check the condition of the power unit's power cord.</li> <li>Check the condition of extension cords</li> <li>Check for tripped circuit breaker. Be sure breaker is of adequate size</li> <li>Contact a qualified electrician for any necessary repairs</li> </ul>
Noisy operation	Air trapped in system Power unit reservoir too	<ul> <li>Check all points where air may leak into the system</li> <li>Refer to 6.2 – Bleeding Air from the System</li> <li>Drain fluid to correct level</li> </ul>
	full Low fluid level in power	Refer to 6.1 – Adding Hydraulic Fluid
	unit reservoir	Fill and bleed the system
Power unit oil is over- heating	Oil viscosity is too high	<ul> <li>Refer to 6.3 – Changing Hydraulic Fluid</li> <li>Refill with a good quality hydraulic oil</li> </ul>
	High pressure leakage on upper pressure plate	Tighten plug
	Low fluid level in power unit reservoir	<ul> <li>Refer to 6.1 – Adding Hydraulic Fluid</li> <li>Fill and bleed the system</li> </ul>
Power unit runs but will not pump oil	Power unit is not primed	Run power unit a few minutes tipping from side to side
	Externally adjustable relief valve is not correctly set	Reset the relief valve to appropriate level
	Damaged o-ring	Send to a Durapac authorised service centre for repair
	Defective control valve	Send to a Durapac authorised service centre for repair
	Low fluid level in	Secure load by other means.
reach rated capacity	reservoir	• Depressurise power unit and hose, remove application, then fill and bleed the system
	Leaking system components	Repair or replace as necessary
Poor performance	Fluid level in power unit is low	<ul> <li>Secure load by other means.</li> <li>Depressurise power unit and hose, remove application, then fill and bleed the system</li> </ul>
Application does not	Overload condition	Remedy overload condition
extend, move or	Loose couplers	Tighten couplers
respond to	Faulty couplers	Replace couplers
pressurised fluid	Malfunctioning power unit	Contact a Durapac authorised service centre for repair

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Problem	Cause	Solution
Application does not	Reservoir overfilled	Secure load by other means.
fully extend (cylinder		<ul> <li>Depressurise power unit and hose,</li> </ul>
or spreader)		remove application, then drain fluid to
		proper level
	Low fluid level in power	Secure load by other means.
	unit reservoir	Depressurise power unit and hose,
		remove application, then fill and bleed the
		system
	Load above capacity of	Use correct equipment
	system	
Application responds	Loose connection or	Tighten couplers
slower than normal	coupler	
	Restricted hydraulic line	Clean and replace if damaged
	or fitting Power unit not operating	<ul> <li>Check power unit's operating instructions</li> </ul>
	correctly	<ul> <li>Repair or replace as necessary</li> </ul>
	Low fluid level in power	<ul> <li>Secure load by other means.</li> </ul>
	unit reservoir	<ul> <li>Depressurise power unit and hose,</li> </ul>
		remove application, then fill and bleed the
		system
Application responds	Leaky connection	Clean, reseal with thread sealant, and
to pressurised fluid,	,	tighten connection
but system does not	Leaking cylinder seals	Replace worn seals. Look for excessive
maintain pressure		contamination or wear. Replace
		contaminated fluid
	Power unit or valve not	Contact a Durapac authorised service
	operating correctly	centre for repair
	Overload condition	Remedy overload condition
Application does not	Closed release valve	Secure load by other means.
return fluid to power		Open release valve
unit (i.e. cylinder will	Loose couplers	Secure load by other means.
not retract)		Tighten couplers
	Blocked hydraulic lines	Secure load by other means.
		Clean and flush lines
	Weak or broken	Secure load by other means.
	retraction springs	Contact a Durapac authorised service
	Internally damaged	centre for repair
	Internally damaged cylinder	Secure load by other means.     Contact a Duranas authorized convice
	Cymruer	<ul> <li>Contact a Durapac authorised service centre for repair</li> </ul>
	Power unit reservoir too	Secure load by other means.
	full	<ul> <li>Depressurise power unit and hose,</li> </ul>
		remove application, then drain fluid to
		proper level