

Instruction Manual

Single Acting Hydraulic, Low Height, Flat Cylinders – RFJ Series and Stack Plate Kits





Maximum Operating Pressure – 700 bar



This is a safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid injury or death

1.0 Product Information

DURAPAC – Hydraulic Cylinders are engineered to meet ANSI/ASME B30.1 Standards for Performance and Safety. The RFJ-Series is a single acting, spring return, low height, flat design cylinder for use in narrow spaces and areas with low overhead clearance. They can be used in maintenance, machinery levelling, construction and mining applications.

All RFJ Series cylinders feature a hard chrome cylinder bore and piston rod for maximum corrosionresistance and bronze overlay piston bearing area to resist side load induced damage. Mounting holes are standard on all models and a grooved piston rod end improves load grip.

Cylinder Stack Plate Kits are an effective economical solution where an extra increase in closed height is desirable. They are designed for use with the RFJ Series flat cylinders and incorporate a magnet to attach to the cylinder. All kits include an RFJ cylinder and carry case.

Special skill, knowledge and training may be required for a specific task and the product may not be suitable for all jobs. The user must ultimately make the decision regarding suitability of the product for any given task and assume the responsibility of safety for all in the work area. Contact a Durapac representative if you are unsure of your cylinder's suitability for a particular application.

2.0 Receiving Instructions

It is recommended prior to use that an inspection be done by qualified personnel and that any missing or damaged parts, decals, warning/safety labels or signs are replaced with Durapac authorised replacement parts only. Any cylinder or stack plate that appears to be damaged in any way, is worn, leaking or operates abnormally should be removed from service immediately until such time as repairs can be made. Any cylinder or stack plate that has been or suspected to have been subject to a shock load should be removed from service immediately until inspected by a Durapac authorised service centre. Owners and operators of this equipment should be aware that the use and subsequent repair of this equipment may require specialised training and knowledge.

3.0 Safety

Save these instructions. For your safety, read and understand the information contained within. The owner and operator should have an understanding of this product and safe operating procedures before attempting to use this product. Instructions and safety information should be conveyed in the operator's native language before use of this product is authorised. Make certain that the operator thoroughly understands the inherent dangers associated with the use and misuse of the product. If any doubt exists as to the safe and proper use of this product as outlined in this factory authorised manual, remove from service immediately.



DANGER:

• If using cylinder stack plate kits, **do NOT** exceed the number of plates in the supplied kit. Do **NOT** combine kits to gain extra height

DURAPAC

- To avoid personal injury keep hands and feet away from work area during operation
- **Do NOT** handle pressurised hoses. Escaping oil under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury. If oil is injected under the skin, see a doctor immediately
- Stay clear of loads supported by hydraulics. A cylinder, when used as a load lifting device, should never be used as a load holding device. After the load has been raised or lowered, it must always be supported mechanically



WARNING:

- The system operating pressure must not exceed the pressure rating of the lowest rated component in the system. Install pressure gauges in the system to monitor operating pressure. It is your window to what is happening in the system
- Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when operating hydraulic equipment. The operator must take precaution against injury due to failure of the tool or work piece(s)
- **Do NOT** hold or stand directly in line with any hydraulic connections while pressurising
- **Do NOT** attempt to disconnect hydraulic connections under pressure. Release all line pressure before disconnecting hoses
- All personnel must be clear before lowering load or depressurising the system
- Do NOT attempt to lift a load weighing more than the capacity of the cylinder

IMPORTANT:

- If at any stage, the safety related decals become hard to read, these must be replaced
- Minimum age of the operator must be 18 years. The operator must have read and understood all instructions, safety issues, cautions and warnings before starting to operate the equipment. The operator is responsible for this activity towards other persons
- **Do NOT** lift hydraulic equipment by the hoses or couplers. Use the carrying handle or other means of safe transport
- Hydraulic equipment must only be serviced by a qualified hydraulic technician. For repair service, contact the Durapac authorised service centre in your area. To protect your warranty, use only high quality hydraulic oil



CAUTION:

- KEEP HYDRAULIC EQUIPMENT AWAY FROM FLAMES AND HEAT. Hydraulic fluid can ignite and burn. Excessive heat will soften packings and seals, resulting in fluid leaks. Heat also weakens hose materials and packings. For optimum performance do not expose equipment to temperatures of 65°C (150°F) or higher. Protect all equipment from weld spatter
- No alteration should be made to this device

3.1 Hydraulic Cylinders

• To avoid personal injury and possible equipment damage, make sure all hydraulic components withstand the maximum pressure of 700 bar (10,000psi)

- **Do NOT** overload equipment. Overloading can cause equipment failure and possible personal injury
- This device is not suitable for use as a support device! As the system load is lifted, use blocking and cribbing to guard against a falling load
- **BE SURE SETUP IS STABLE BEFORE LIFTING LOAD**. Cylinders should be placed on a flat surface that can support the load. Where applicable, use a cylinder base for added stability. Do not weld or otherwise modify the cylinder to attach a base or other support
- Avoid situations where loads are not directly centred on the cylinder piston. Offcentre loads produce considerable strain on cylinder and pistons. In addition, the load may slip or fall, causing potentially dangerous results
- Distribute the load evenly across the entire saddle surface. **Always** use a saddle to protect the piston (if one is provided)
- USE ONLY RIGID PIECES TO HOLD LOAD. Carefully select steel or wood blocks that are capable of supporting the load. Never use a hydraulic cylinder as a shim or spacer in any lifting or pressing application
- **Never** pressurise uncoupled couplers. Only use hydraulic equipment in a coupled system

3.2 Hydraulic Hoses & Fluid Transmission Lines

- Avoid short runs of straight line tubing. Straight line runs do not provide for expansion and contraction due to pressure and/or temperature changes
- Reduce stress in tube lines. Long tubing runs should be supported by brackets or clips. Before operating the pump, connections should be tightened securely and leak-free. Over tightening can cause premature thread failure or high pressure fittings to burst
- Should a hydraulic hose ever rupture, burst or need to be disconnected, immediately shut off the pump and release all pressure. Never attempt to grasp a leaking pressurised hose with your hands. The force of escaping hydraulic fluid can inflict injury
- **Do NOT** subject the hose to potential hazard such as fire, sharp objects, extreme heat or cold or heavy impact
- **Do NOT** allow the hose to kink, twist, curl, crush, cut or bend so tightly that the fluid flow within the hose is blocked or reduced. Periodically inspect the hose for wear
- Hose material and coupler seals must be compatible with the hydraulic fluid used. Hoses also must not come in contact with corrosive materials such as battery acid, creosote-impregnated objects and wet paint. Never paint a coupler or hose

FAILURE TO HEED THESE WARNINGS MAY RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY AS WELL AS PROPERTY DAMAGE.

4.0 Installation

▲ **IMPORTANT:** Always secure threaded port connections with high grade, non-hardening pipe thread sealant. Teflon tape can be used if only one layer of tape is used and it is applied carefully, two threads back, to prevent the tape from being introduced into hydraulic system, which could cause jamming of precision-fit parts

CAUTION: DO NOT allow the piston rod to rotate when installing adaptors. Damage to the spring may prevent piston rod retraction

- 4.1 Know your cylinder, its limitations and how it operates before attempting to use. If in doubt, contact Durapac.
- 4.2 Make hydraulic connections; use a pump release valve or a 3-way valve and one hose for single-acting cylinder.
 - ▲ **IMPORTANT:** Fully hand-tighten all couplers. Loose coupler connections will block the flow of oil between the pump and the cylinder
- 4.3 Check all system fittings and connections to be sure they are tight and leak free.
- 4.4 Check oil level in reservoir before operating pump.
- 4.5 Remove air from the system Position the cylinder so that the piston rod is pointed down and the cylinder is lower than the pump. Advance and retract the cylinder several times, avoiding pressure build-up. Air removal is complete when the cylinder motion is smooth.

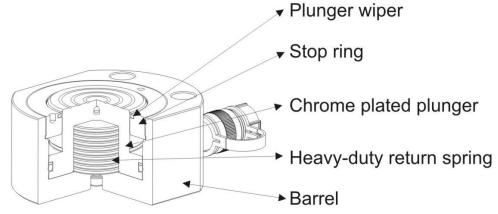


Figure 1 – RFJ Series Sectional Drawing

5.0 Operation

IMPORTANT:

- Always use a flat, hard surface as a cylinder support plate
- Cylinder gland nut/stop ring is designed to take the full load, to reduce cylinder wear, use less than the full stroke where possible

For complete operating instructions refer to the instruction sheet included with each pump.

5.1 Advancing and retracting the cylinder

The RFJ Series cylinders are a spring return cylinder and the speed of retraction is affected by the length of the hose and other restrictions in the line.

Shift the valve on the pump to the advance position and run the pump to advance the cylinder. To retract the cylinder, shift the valve to the retract position.

5.2 Side Load

Eliminate the presence of side load forces when using high tonnage cylinders. Side load can occur through:

- 5.2.1 An eccentric load on the piston rod.
- 5.2.2 A horizontal load on a structure.
- 5.2.3 A structure and/or cylinder misalignment.
- 5.2.4 Non synchronised lifting actions.
- 5.2.5 Non stable cylinder base support.
- 5.2.6 If using cylinder stack plate kits, do not exceed the number of plates in the supplied kit, ie. do not combine kits to gain extra height.

6.0 Maintenance



IMPORTANT:

- Use only good quality hydraulic fluid. **Do NOT** use brake fluid, transmission fluid, turbine oil, motor oil, alcohol, glycerine etc. Use of anything other than good quality hydraulic oil will void warranty and damage the cylinder and application. We recommend Durapac Hydraulic Oil or equivalent
- Equipment must only be serviced by a qualified hydraulic technician. For repair service, contact your local Durapac authorised service centre
- Tighten connections as needed. Use non-hardening pipe thread compound when servicing connections

Dirt, sand, etc. will quickly ruin any hydraulic system. Ensure that couplings are clean and free of foreign matter. After each use, clean couplings and attach dust caps.

Maintenance is required when wear or leakage is noticed. Periodically inspect all components to detect any problem that may require service and maintenance.

- 6.1 Check for loose connections and leaks.
- 6.2 Replace damaged parts immediately.
- 6.3 Do not exceed oil temperature above 60°C.
- 6.4 Keep all hydraulic components clean.

- 6.5 Use dust caps when cylinder is disconnected from the hose. Keep entire cylinder clean to prolong cylinder life.
- 6.6 Wipe thoroughly clean and store cylinders upright (to prevent seal distortion) in a clean, dry environment. Avoid temperature extremes.
- 6.7 Change hydraulic oil in your system as recommended in the pump instruction sheet.

7.0 Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
Cylinder moves but	Leaking connection	Clean, reseal with thread sealant and
does not maintain		tighten connection
pressure	Leaking cylinder seals	Replace worn seals
•		Check for excessive contamination or wear
		Replace contaminated fluid as necessary
	Malfunctioning	Check pump or valve operating instructions
	pump/valve	Repair or replace as necessary
Cylinder leaks	Worn or damaged seals	Replace worn seals
hydraulic fluid		Check for excessive contamination or wear
		Replace contaminated fluid as necessary
	Loose connections	Clean, reseal with thread sealant and
		tighten connection
Cylinder will not	Closed pump release	Open pump release valve
retract or retracts	valve	
slower than normal	Loose couplers	Tighten couplers
	Blocked hydraulic lines	Clean and flush lines
	Weak or broken	• Send to a Durapac authorised service centre
	retraction springs	for repair
	Internally damaged	Send to a Durapac authorised service centre
	cylinder	for repair
	Pump reservoir too full	Drain hydraulic fluid to correct level
Erratic Action	Air in system or pump	Add fluid, bleed air and check for leaks
	cavitation	
	External leakage	Replace worn packings
		Check for excessive contamination fluid as
		necessary
		Replace contaminated fluid as necessary
	Sticking or binding	Check for dirt or leaks
	cylinder	Check for bent, misaligned, worn parts or
Culture la sur la sur		defective packings
Cylinder does not	Loose couplers	Tighten couplers
move	Faulty coupler	Verify that female coupler is not locked up
		(ball wedged into seat)
		Replace both male and female couplers
	Improper valve position	Close release valve or shift to new position
	Low or no hydraulic	Fill and bleed the system
	fluid in pump reservoir	
	Air-locked pump	Prime pump according to pump operating
		instructions

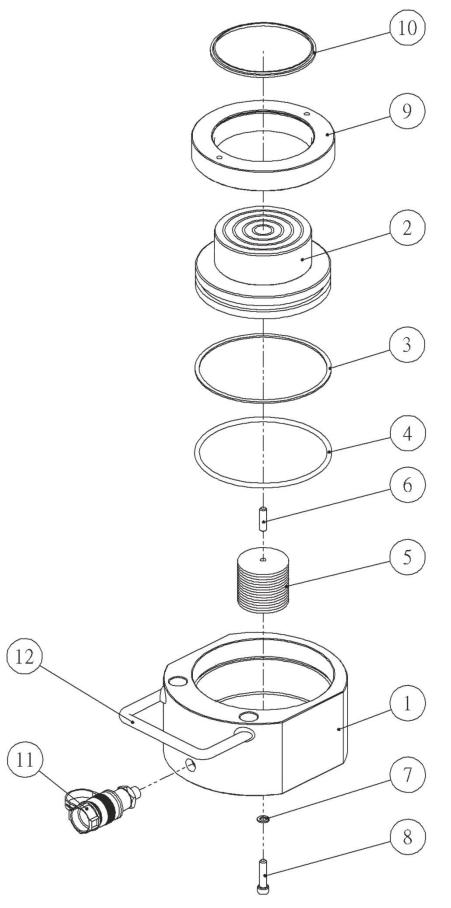
DURAPAC

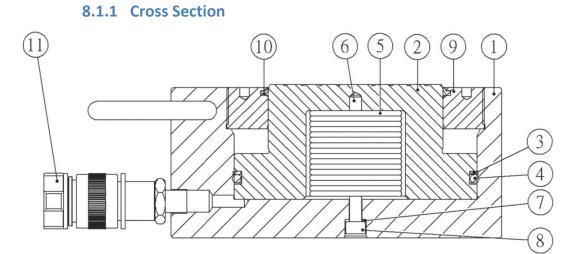
Instruction Manual

Problem	Cause	Solution
	Pump not operating	 Check pump's operating instructions
	Load is above the	Use the correct equipment
	capacity of the system	
Cylinder extends only	Low or no hydraulic	Fill and bleed the system
partially	fluid in pump reservoir	
	Load is above the	Use the correct equipment
	capacity of the system	
	Sticking or binding	Check for dirt or leaks
	cylinder	 Check for bent, misaligned, worn parts or
		defective packings
Cylinder moves	Loose couplers	Tighten couplers
slower than normal	Restricted hydraulic line	Clean
	or fitting	Replace if damaged
	Pump not operating	 Check pump's operating instructions
	correctly	Repair or replace as necessary
	Low fluid level in pump	Fill and bleed the system
	reservoir	
	Leaking cylinder seals	Replace worn seals
		Check for excessive contamination or wear
		Replace contaminated fluid as necessary

8.0 Parts Breakdown and List

8.1 Parts Breakdown





8.1.2 Parts Listing

	Parts Listing - RFJ-50								
Item	Description	Part No.	Qty						
1	Cylinder	ZAM2194	1						
2	Piston rod	ZAM2195	1						
3	Back-up ring*	ZAM2105	1						
4	O-ring*	ZAM2106	1						
5	Spring component	ZAM2196	1						
6	Bolt	ZAM1936	1						
7	Washer*	ZAM2109	1						
8	Bolt*	ZAM2110	1						
9	Stop ring	ZAM2111	1						
10	Wipers*	ZAM1556	1						
11	Coupler (set)	CR-6	1						
	Whip hose (not shown)	ZAM1551	1						
12	Handle	-	-						
	Seal kit	ZAM1030	1						

	Seal kit	ZAM1030	1					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Parts Listing - RFJ-200								
ltem	Description	Part No.	Qty					
1	Cylinder	ZAM2204	1					
2	Piston rod	ZAM2205	1					
3	Back-up ring*	ZAM2206	1					
4	O-ring*	ZAM2207	1					
5	Spring component	ZAM2208	1					
6	Bolt	ZAM2209	1					
7	Washer*	ZAM1803	1					
8	Bolt*	ZAM2210	1					
9	Stop ring	ZAM2211	1					
10	Wipers*	ZAM2212	1					
11	Coupler (set)	CR-6	1					
12	Handle	-	-					
	Seal kit	ZAM1028	1					

	Parts Listing - RFJ-100								
ltem	Description	Part No.	Qty						
1	Cylinder	ZAM2197	1						
2	Piston rod	ZAM2198	1						
3	Back-up ring*	ZAM2199	1						
4	O-ring*	ZAM2200	1						
5	Spring component	ZAM2201	1						
6	Bolt	ZAM2108	1						
7	Washer*	ZAM2109	1						
8	Bolt*	ZAM2202	1						
9	Stop ring	ZAM2203	1						
10	Wipers*	ZAM1806	1						
11	Coupler (set)	CR-6	1						
12	Handle	-	-						
	Seal kit	ZAM1025	1						

	Parts Listing - RFJ-300								
ltem	Description	Part No.	Qty						
1	Cylinder	ZAM2213	1						
2	Piston rod	ZAM2214	1						
3	Back-up ring*	ZAM2215	1						
4	O-ring*	ZAM2216	1						
5	Spring component	ZAM2217	1						
6	Bolt	ZAM2209	1						
7	Washer*	ZAM1803	1						
8	Bolt*	ZAM2061	1						
9	Stop ring	ZAM2218	1						
10	Wipers*	ZAM1609	1						
11	Coupler (set)	CR-6	1						
12	Handle	-	-						
	Seal kit	ZAM1029	1						

	Parts Listing - RFJ-500								
Item	Description	Part No.	Qty						
1	Cylinder	ZAM2219	1						
2	Piston rod	ZAM2220	1						
3	Back-up ring*	ZAM1601	1						
4	O-ring*	ZAM1453	1						
5	Spring component	ZAM2208	1						
6	Bolt	ZAM2209	1						
7	Washer*	ZAM1803	1						
8	Bolt*	ZAM2061	1						
9	Stop ring	ZAM2221	1						
10	Wipers*	ZAM1401	1						
11	Coupler (set)	CR-6	1						
12	Handle	-	-						
	Seal kit	ZAM1031	1						

	Parts Listing - RFJ-750							
ltem	Description	Part No.	Qty					
1	Cylinder	ZAM2222	1					
2	Piston rod	ZAM2223	1					
3	Back-up ring*	ZAM1628	1					
4	O-ring*	ZAM1462	1					
5	Spring component	ZAM2224	1					
6	Bolt	ZAM1658	1					
7	Washer*	ZAM1803	1					
8	Bolt*	ZAM1831	1					
9	Stop ring	ZAM2225	1					
10	Wipers*	ZAM2226	1					
11	Coupler (set)	CR-6	1					
12	Handle (welded)	ZAM2227	1					
	Seal kit	ZAM1032	1					

	Parts Listing - RFJ-1000							
Item	Description	Part No.	Qty	lt				
1	Cylinder	ZAM2228	1					
2	Piston rod	ZAM2229	1					
3	Back-up ring*	ZAM1404	1					
4	O-ring*	ZAM2230	1					
5	Spring component	ZAM2231	1					
6	Bolt	ZAM1658	1					
7	Washer*	ZAM1803	1					
8	Bolt*	ZAM1836	1					
9	Stop ring	ZAM2232	1					
10	Wipers*	ZAM1412	1					
11	Coupler (set)	CR-6	1					
12	Handle (welded)	ZAM2227	1					
	Seal kit	ZAM1026	1					

	Parts Listing - RFJ-1500							
Item	Description	Part No.	Qty					
1	Cylinder	ZAM2233	1					
2	Piston rod	ZAM2234	1					
3	Back-up ring*	ZAM2235	1					
4	O-ring*	ZAM2236	1					
5	Spring component	ZAM2237	1					
6	Bolt	ZAM2238	1					
7	Washer*	ZAM1803	1					
8	Bolt*	ZAM1807	1					
9	Stop ring	ZAM2239	1					
10	Wipers*	ZAM2240	1					
11	Coupler (set)	CR-6	1					
12	Handle (welded)	ZAM2241	1					
	Seal kit	ZAM1027	1					

Items marked with a * are contained within a standard seal kit. Part, serial and model numbers need to be quoted when ordering parts.

DURAPAC

Kit	Includes	STD Cvlinder				[Dimensi	ions (mi	m)				Kit
Model	Cylinder	Height	Α	Stack p	late hei	ght	В	С	D	E	F	G	Weight
No.	Model	(mm)	1	2	3	4							(kg)
CSK-5	RFJ-50	32	3.4	12.7	25.4	31.8	41.4	64.7	58.7	13.6	28.5	5.1	2.4
CSK-10	RFJ-100	43	9.9	20.0	39.9	-	55.6	90.6	82.6	20.5	36.6	7.1	3.8
CSK-20	RFJ-200	51	9.9	20.0	39.9	-	76.2	109.6	101.6	28.4	49.3	10.1	7.0
CSK-30	RFJ-300	58	9.9	20.0	39.9	-	95.3	125.6	117.6	33.4	52.3	10.1	10.1

9.0 Cylinder Stack Plate Kit Specification Table

