

# Instruction Manual

11 Series Auto 2 Speed Electric Power Unit Model – PEM1114



**Maximum Operating Pressure – 700 bar** 





This is a safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid injury or death

#### 1.0 Product Information

DURAPAC - 11 Series Auto 2 Speed Power Units are engineered to meet Industrial Standards for Performance and Safety. The PEM1114 features a two-speed pump delivering 8.2 Lpm low pressure and 0.65 Lpm up to 700 bar pressure on double acting cylinders and tools. The power unit is driven by a 1.12 kW 230 Volt 50/60 Hz single phase electric motor and is ideal for operating medium to large tonnage cylinders and systems.

Special skill, knowledge and training may be required for a specific task and the product may not be suitable for all jobs. The user must ultimately make the decision regarding suitability of the product for any given task and assume the responsibility of safety for all in the work area. Contact a Durapac representative if you are unsure of your power unit's suitability for a particular application.

# 2.0 Receiving Instructions

It is recommended prior to use that an inspection be done by qualified personnel and that any missing or damaged parts, decals, warning/safety labels or signs are replaced with Durapac authorised replacement parts only. Any power unit that appears to be damaged in any way, is worn, leaking or operates abnormally should be removed from service immediately until such time as repairs can be made. Any power unit that has been or suspected to have been subject to a shock load should be removed from service immediately until inspected by a Durapac authorised service centre. Owners and operators of this equipment should be aware that the use and subsequent repair of this equipment may require specialised training and knowledge.

#### 3.0 Safety

Save these instructions. For your safety, read and understand the information contained within. The owner and operator should have an understanding of this product and safe operating procedures before attempting to use this product. Instructions and safety information should be conveyed in the operator's native language before use of this product is authorised. Make certain that the operator thoroughly understands the inherent dangers associated with the use and misuse of the product. If any doubt exists as to the safe and proper use of this product as outlined in this factory authorised manual, remove from service immediately.



#### DANGER:

- To avoid personal injury keep hands and feet away from work area during operation
- **Do NOT** handle pressurised hoses. Escaping oil under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury. If oil is injected under the skin, see a doctor immediately
- Stay clear of loads supported by hydraulics. A cylinder, when used as a load lifting device, should never be used as a load holding device. After the load has been raised or lowered, it must always be supported mechanically





#### **WARNING:**

- The system operating pressure must not exceed the pressure rating of the lowest rated component in the system. Install pressure gauges in the system to monitor operating pressure. It is your window to what is happening in the system
- Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when operating
  hydraulic equipment. The operator must take precaution against injury due to failure
  of the tool or work piece(s)
- Do NOT hold or stand directly in line with any hydraulic connections while pressurising
- Do NOT attempt to disconnect hydraulic connections under pressure. Release all line pressure before disconnecting hoses
- All personnel must be clear before lowering load or depressurising the system
- **Do NOT** attempt to lift a load weighing more than the capacity of the cylinder



#### **IMPORTANT:**

- If at any stage, the safety related decals become hard to read, these must be replaced
- Minimum age of the operator must be 18 years. The operator must have read and understood all instructions, safety issues, cautions and warnings before starting to operate the equipment. The operator is responsible for this activity towards other persons
- Do NOT lift hydraulic equipment by the hoses or couplers. Use the carrying handle or other means of safe transport
- Hydraulic equipment must only be serviced by a qualified hydraulic technician. For repair service, contact the Durapac authorised service centre in your area. To protect your warranty, use only high quality hydraulic oil



#### **CAUTION:**

- KEEP HYDRAULIC EQUIPMENT AWAY FROM FLAMES AND HEAT. Hydraulic fluid can ignite and burn. Excessive heat will soften packings and seals, resulting in fluid leaks. Heat also weakens hose materials and packings. For optimum performance do not expose equipment to temperatures of 65°C (150°F) or higher. Protect all equipment from weld spatter
- No alteration should be made to this device

# 3.1 Hydraulic Power Units

- **Do** use a gauge or other load measuring instrument to verify load
- Do NOT exceed the rated capacity of the power unit or any equipment in the system.
   Burst hazard exists if connection pressure exceeds rated pressure
- Do NOT operate the system with bent or damaged couplers or damaged threads
- Do NOT subject the power unit and its components to shock loads
- Use only Durapac approved accessories and components



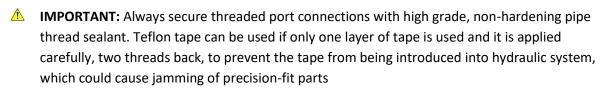
- Do NOT connect to an application which can return more oil to the reservoir than the power unit reservoir can hold
- Do NOT connect power unit to a hydraulic system that is powered by another pump

#### 3.2 Hydraulic Hoses & Fluid Transmission Lines

- Avoid short runs of straight line tubing. Straight line runs do not provide for expansion and contraction due to pressure and/or temperature changes
- Reduce stress in tube lines. Long tubing runs should be supported by brackets or clips.
   Before operating the power unit, connections should be tightened securely and leak-free. Over tightening can cause premature thread failure or high pressure fittings to burst
- Should a hydraulic hose ever rupture, burst or need to be disconnected, immediately shut off the power unit and release all pressure. Never attempt to grasp a leaking pressurised hose with your hands. The force of escaping hydraulic fluid can inflict injury
- Do NOT subject the hose to potential hazard such as fire, sharp objects, extreme heat or cold or heavy impact
- **Do NOT** allow the hose to kink, twist, curl, crush, cut or bend so tightly that the fluid flow within the hose is blocked or reduced. Periodically inspect the hose for wear
- Hose material and coupler seals must be compatible with the hydraulic fluid used.
   Hoses also must not come in contact with corrosive materials such as battery acid,
   creosote-impregnated objects and wet paint. Never paint a coupler or hose

FAILURE TO HEED THESE WARNINGS MAY RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY AS WELL AS PROPERTY DAMAGE.

#### 4.0 Installation



To avoid power loss between the electrical outlet and the power unit motor, use the shortest possible extension cord

4.1 Familiarise yourself with the specifications and illustrations in this owner's manual.

Know your power unit, its limitations and how it operates before attempting to use.

Refer to the specification chart below or if in doubt, contact a Durapac representative.

Model	kW	Voltage (1 Phase)	Hz	Amps	Usable Oil Capacity (L)	Max. Pressure Rating (bar)	Flow Rate (Lpm)		Remote Pendant	Used with	Approx. Dry
Number	Koo						1 <sup>st</sup> Stage	2 <sup>nd</sup> Stage	Function 4 mtr	Cylinder	Weight (kg)
PEM1114	1.12	230	50/60	8.3	9	700	8.2	0.65	Motor ON/OFF	D/A	37



- 4.2 Make hydraulic connections Clean all areas around the oil port of the power unit and cylinder. Clean all hose ends, couplers and union ends. Remove the manifold plug and then connect oil output port to suitable fittings and application/cylinder.
- 4.3 Check all system fittings and connections to be sure they are tight and leak free.
- 4.4 Check oil level in reservoir before operating power unit.
- 4.5 Remove air from the cylinder Position the cylinder so that the piston rod is pointed down and the cylinder is lower than the pump. Advance and retract the cylinder several times, avoiding pressure build-up. Air removal is complete when the cylinder motion is smooth.

# 5.0 Operation



#### **IMPORTANT:**

- Always monitor pressure, load or position using suitable equipment. Pressure may be monitored by means of an optional manifold and gauge. Correct application position can only be determined by the operator of the equipment
- Do NOT operate a power unit that is disconnected from the application. If operated in this condition, the hose and connections will become pressurised. This increases the chance of a burst hazard. Damage may also occur to the power unit and its components
- The correct voltage is required for the pump to operate. Verify the voltage rating on the pump motor name plate matches the outlet or power source you are using

#### **5.1 Starting the Power Unit**

- 5.1.1 Connect the motor to a power supply.
- 5.1.2 Place the Power ON/OFF switch in the ON position (see Fig. 1).
- 5.1.3 Press RUN on the remote (see Fig. 2). The pump motor will run while the button is pressed.
- 5.1.4 When the button is released, the pump motor will turn off.







# 5.2 Lifting

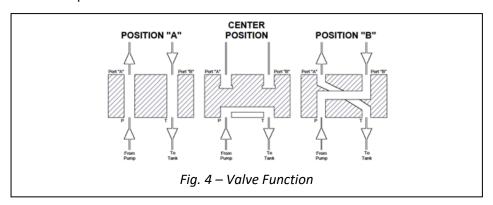
- 5.2.1 To advance the cylinder, shift the Directional Control Valve to ADV (see Fig. 3). Press RUN on the remote button. Motor will start and fluid will flow from the "A" port of the subplate.
- 5.2.2 To stop advancing the cylinder, release the button on the remote pendant. Motor will stop.



Fig. 3 – Directional Control Valve

### 5.3 Lowering

5.3.1 To retract the cylinder, shift the Directional Control Valve to RET (see Fig. 3 & 4). Press RUN on the remote button. Fluid will flow from the "B" port of the subplate.



# 5.4 Stopping the Power Unit

5.4.1 Disconnect from power when operation is complete.

#### 6.0 Maintenance



#### **IMPORTANT:**

- Check oil level regularly
- Use only good quality hydraulic fluid. **Do NOT** use brake fluid, transmission fluid, turbine oil, motor oil, alcohol, glycerine etc. Use of anything other than good quality hydraulic oil will void warranty and damage the power unit, hose, and application. We recommend Durapac Hydraulic Oil or equivalent
- Equipment must only be serviced by a qualified hydraulic technician. For repair service, contact your local Durapac authorised service centre
- Damage to hydraulic hoses may not be detected during visual inspections. For this reason, Durapac recommends that hydraulic hoses be replaced on a regular basis
- Tighten connections as needed. Use non-hardening pipe thread compound when servicing connections



Dirt, sand, etc. will quickly ruin any hydraulic system. Ensure that couplings are clean and free of foreign matter. After each use, clean couplings and attach dust caps.

Maintenance is required when wear or leakage is noticed. Periodically inspect all components to detect any problem that may require service and maintenance.

#### 6.1 Adding Hydraulic Fluid

- **WARNING**: Always add oil with cylinders fully retracted (or extended, if pull cylinders) or the system will contain more oil than the reservoir can hold
- 6.1.1 Depressurise and disconnect hydraulic hose from application/cylinder.
- 6.1.2 With the power unit in its upright, horizontal position, remove the air vent plug located on the top plate of the reservoir.
- 6.1.3 Take out the filling plug.
- 6.1.4 Use a small funnel to fill the reservoir to within 19mm (3/4") of the opening.
- 6.1.5 Bleed air from system if necessary.
- 6.1.6 Wipe up any spilled fluid and reinstall the air vent plug/reservoir cap.

# **6.2 Bleeding Air from the System**

- 6.2.1 Repeat Steps 6.1.1 to 6.1.4 (above), if required.
- 6.2.2 Invert cylinder and place at a lower level than the power unit reservoir.
- 6.2.3 Extend and retract the cylinder several times without putting a load on the system. Air will be released into the power unit reservoir.
- 6.2.4 Recheck oil level after removing air.

#### 6.3 Changing Hydraulic Fluid

- For best results, change fluid once a year or every 300 hours of use
- 6.3.1 Repeat Steps 6.1.1 to 6.1.3 (above).
- 6.3.2 Pour used fluid into a sealable container.
- 6.3.3 Repeat Steps 6.1.4 to 6.1.5 (above).
- 6.3.4 Dispose of fluid in accordance with local regulations.

# 6.4 Storage

- 6.4.1 When not in use, depressurise and disconnect the power unit from the application.
- 6.4.2 Wipe clean thoroughly and store in a clean, dry environment. Avoid temperature extremes.
- 6.4.3 For transportation or long storage, replace the air vent plug with shipping plug.
- 6.4.4 Shield power unit with a protective cover.



# 7.0 Troubleshooting

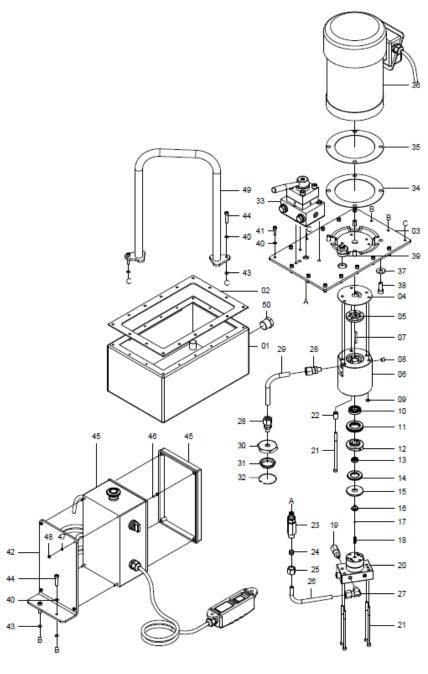
Problem	Cause	Solution
Motor will not start	Inadequate or faulty electrical	Check the condition of the
	supply	power unit's power cord.
		Check the condition of
		extension cords
		Check for tripped circuit
		breaker. Be sure breaker is of
		adequate size
		Contact a qualified electrician
		for any necessary repairs
Noisy operation	Air trapped in system	Check all points where air may
		leak into the system
		Refer to 6.2 – Bleeding Air from
		the System
	Power unit reservoir too full	Drain fluid to correct level
	Low fluid level in power unit	Refer to 6.1 – Adding Hydraulic  Florid
	reservoir	Fluid
		Fill and bleed the system
Power unit oil is over-	Oil viscosity is too high	Refer to 6.3 – Changing
heating		Hydraulic Fluid
		Refill with a good quality
		hydraulic oil
	Low fluid level in power unit	Refer to 6.1 – Adding Hydraulic
	reservoir	Fluid
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Fill and bleed the system
Power unit runs but will	Power unit is not primed	Run power unit a few minutes
not pump oil	Futowally adjustable valiatively	tipping from side to side
	Externally adjustable relief valve is not correctly set	Reset the relief valve to
	<u>'</u>	appropriate level
	Damaged o-ring	Send to a Durapac authorised  sorvice centre for repair
	Defective control valve	service centre for repair
	Defective control valve	<ul> <li>Send to a Durapac authorised service centre for repair</li> </ul>
Power unit does not	Low fluid level in reservoir	Secure load by other means
reach rated capacity	2000 Haid level in reservoir	<ul> <li>Depressurise power unit and</li> </ul>
		hose, remove application, then
		fill and bleed the system
	Leaking system components	Repair or replace as necessary
Poor performance	Fluid level in power unit is low	Secure load by other means
		Depressurise power unit and
		hose, remove application, then
		fill and bleed the system
Application does not	Overload condition	Remedy overload condition
extend, move or respond	Loose couplers	Tighten couplers
to pressurised fluid	Faulty couplers	Replace couplers
	Malfunctioning power unit	Contact a Durapac authorised
		service centre for repair
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Problem	Cause	Solution
Application does not	Reservoir overfilled	Secure load by other means
fully extend (cylinder or		<ul> <li>Depressurise power unit and</li> </ul>
tools)		hose, remove application, then
		drain fluid to proper level
	Low fluid level in power unit	Secure load by other means
	reservoir	Depressurise power unit and
		hose, remove application, then
		fill and bleed the system
	Load above capacity of system	Use correct equipment
Application responds	Loose connection or coupler	<ul> <li>Tighten couplers</li> </ul>
slower than normal	Restricted hydraulic line or fitting	<ul> <li>Clean and replace if damaged</li> </ul>
	Power unit not operating	<ul> <li>Check power unit's operating</li> </ul>
	correctly	instructions
		<ul> <li>Repair or replace as necessary</li> </ul>
	Low fluid level in power unit	<ul> <li>Secure load by other means</li> </ul>
	reservoir	<ul> <li>Depressurise power unit and</li> </ul>
		hose, remove application, then
		fill and bleed the system
Application responds to	Leaky connection	Clean, reseal with thread
pressurised fluid, but		sealant, and tighten
system does not		connection
maintain pressure	Leaking cylinder seals	Replace worn seals. Look for
		excessive contamination or
		wear. Replace contaminated fluid
	Power unit or valve not operating	Contact a Durapac authorised
	correctly	service centre for repair
	Overload condition	Remedy overload condition
Application does not	Closed release valve	Secure load by other means
return fluid to power	Closed release valve	<ul> <li>Open release valve</li> </ul>
unit (i.e. cylinder will not	Loose couplers	Secure load by other means
retract)	2000c touplers	<ul> <li>Tighten couplers</li> </ul>
	Blocked hydraulic lines	Secure load by other means
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Clean and flush lines
	Weak or broken retraction	Secure load by other means
	springs	<ul> <li>Contact a Durapac authorised</li> </ul>
		service centre for repair
	Internally damaged cylinder	Secure load by other means
		<ul> <li>Contact a Durapac authorised</li> </ul>
		service centre for repair
	Power unit reservoir too full	Secure load by other means
		<ul> <li>Depressurise power unit and</li> </ul>
		hose, remove application, then
		drain fluid to proper level



# 8.0 Parts Breakdown and List



ltem	Description	Qty
1	Reservoir	1
2	Reservoir Gasket	1
3	Reservoir Cover	1
4	Wear Plate	1
5	Gerotor Set	1
6	Body Pump	1
7	Link Bolt	1
8	Pipe Plug	1
9	O-Ring	1
10	Ball Bearing	1
11	Fixing Bearing	1
12	Angle Plate	1
13	Ball Bearing	1
	Bearing	1
15	Top Plate	1
16	Top Plate Bearing	1
17	Steel Ball	1
-	Spring	1
19	Relief Valve Ass'y	1
20	H.P. Pump Ass'y	1
21	Cap Screw	5
22	Spacer	1
23	Valve Connector	1
24		1
_	Ferrule Sleeve	
25 26	Nut Oil Line Tube	1
27	Male Elbow	1
28	Male Connctor	1
29	Intake Tube	1
30	Filter Nut	
31	Filter	1
32	Spring Ring	1
33	4-WAY Control Valve	1
34	Al. Washer	1
35	Motor Seal	1
36	Electric Motor	1
37	Washer	4
38	Cap Screw	4
39	Breather Assembly	1
40	Washer	16
41	Screw	12
42	Fixed Plate	1
43	O-Ring	4
44	Screw	4
45	Electric Plate Box	1
46	Cap Screw	4
47	Spring Washer	4
48	Nut	4
49	Handle	1
50	Set Screw	1

Serial, model and item numbers need to be quoted when ordering parts.