

Instruction Manual

2 Way Split Flow Electric Power Unit Model – PEMS4052



Maximum Operating Pressure – 700 bar





This is a safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid injury or death

1.0 Product Information

DURAPAC – 2 Way Split Flow Power Units are engineered to meet Industrial Standards for Performance and Safety. They feature a separate hydraulic circuit obtained from the power unit having several pistons of the same dimension. Each piston or group of pistons feeds an independent circuit with equal flow and the ability to work at a different pressure from the others. Each circuit is fitted with the same controls and valves of a single flow unit, therefore a 2 split flow power unit has 2 directional control valves, 2 adjustable pressure relief valves (if present), etc.

Special skill, knowledge and training may be required for a specific task and the product may not be suitable for all jobs. The user must ultimately make the decision regarding suitability of the product for any given task and assume the responsibility of safety for all in the work area. Contact a Durapac representative if you are unsure of your 2 Way Split Flow Power Unit suitability for a particular application.

- ▲ WARNING: The use of a 2 Way Split Flow Power Unit generally implies holding the load lifted; for this reason, it is recommended to choose valves with piloted check and unidirectional flow control valves to brake the lowering speed under load. The best solution for controlling double acting cylinders is to use a counter balance valve such as Durapac VCB-1.
- ⚠ The synchronised lowering of a load is only possible with double acting cylinders.
- To reduce the risk of personal injury and/or property damage, ensure that the rated working pressure of each pressurised attachment be equal to or greater than the rated working pressure developed by the hydraulic power unit.
- Always check connections before using. Alteration of these products is strictly prohibited. Use only those adaptors and attachments provided and approved by the manufacturer.

2.0 Receiving Instructions

It is recommended prior to use that an inspection be done by qualified personnel and that any missing or damaged parts, decals, warning/safety labels or signs are replaced with Durapac authorised replacement parts only. Any power unit that appears to be damaged in any way, is worn, leaking or operates abnormally should be removed from service immediately until such time as repairs can be made. Any power unit that has been or suspected to have been subject to a shock load should be removed from service immediately until inspected by a Durapac authorised service centre. Owners and operators of this equipment should be aware that the use and subsequent repair of this equipment may require specialised training and knowledge.

3.0 Safety

Save these instructions. For your safety, read and understand the information contained within. The owner and operator should have an understanding of this product and safe operating procedures before attempting to use this product. Instructions and safety information should be conveyed in the operator's native language before use of this product is authorised. Make certain that the operator thoroughly understands the inherent dangers associated with the use and misuse of the product. If



any doubt exists as to the safe and proper use of this product as outlined in this factory authorised manual, remove from service immediately.



DANGER:

- To avoid personal injury keep hands and feet away from work area during operation
- **Do NOT** handle pressurized hoses. Escaping oil under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury. If oil is injected under the skin, see a doctor immediately
- Stay clear of loads supported by hydraulics. A cylinder, when used as a load lifting device, should never be used as a load holding device. After the load has been raised or lowered, it must always be supported mechanically



WARNING:

- The system operating pressure must not exceed the pressure rating of the lowest rated component in the system. Install pressure gauges in the system to monitor operating pressure. It is your window to what is happening in the system
- Always wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when operating
 hydraulic equipment. The operator must take precaution against injury due to failure
 of the tool or work piece(s)
- Do NOT hold or stand directly in line with any hydraulic connections while pressurising
- Do NOT attempt to disconnect hydraulic connections under pressure. Release all line pressure before disconnecting hoses
- All personnel must be clear before lowering load or depressurising the system
- Do NOT attempt to lift a load weighing more than the capacity of the cylinder



IMPORTANT:

- If at any stage, the safety related decals become hard to read, these must be replaced
- Minimum age of the operator must be 18 years. The operator must have read and understood all instructions, safety issues, cautions and warnings before starting to operate the equipment. The operator is responsible for this activity towards other persons
- This device is not suitable for use as a support device! As the system load is lifted, use blocking and cribbing to guard against a falling load
- Do NOT lift hydraulic equipment by the hoses or couplers. Use the carrying handle or other means of safe transport
- Hydraulic equipment must only be serviced by a qualified hydraulic technician. For repair service, contact the Durapac authorised service centre in your area. To protect your warranty, use only high quality hydraulic oil



CAUTION:

• **KEEP HYDRAULIC EQUIPMENT AWAY FROM FLAMES AND HEAT.** Hydraulic fluid can ignite and burn. Excessive heat will soften packings and seals, resulting in fluid leaks. Heat also weakens hose materials and packings. For optimum performance do not expose equipment to temperatures of 65°C (150°F) or higher. Protect all equipment



from weld spatter

• No alteration should be made to this device

3.1 Hydraulic Power Units

- **Do** use a gauge or other load measuring instrument to verify load
- Do NOT exceed the rated capacity of the power unit or any equipment in the system.
 Burst hazard exists if connection pressure exceeds rated pressure
- Do NOT operate the system with bent or damaged couplers or damaged threads
- Do NOT subject the power unit and its components to shock loads
- Use only Durapac approved accessories and components
- Do NOT connect to an application which can return more oil to the reservoir than the power unit reservoir can hold
- Do NOT connect power unit to a hydraulic system that is powered by another pump

3.2 Hydraulic Hoses & Fluid Transmission Lines

- Avoid short runs of straight line tubing. Straight line runs do not provide for expansion and contraction due to pressure and/or temperature changes
- Reduce stress in tube lines. Long tubing runs should be supported by brackets or clips.
 Before operating the power unit, tighten all hose connections with proper tools. Do not over tighten. Connections should be tightened securely and leak-free. Over tightening can cause premature thread failure or high pressure fittings to burst
- Should a hydraulic hose ever rupture, burst or need to be disconnected, immediately shut off the power unit and release all pressure. Never attempt to grasp a leaking pressurised hose with your hands. The force of escaping hydraulic fluid can inflict injury
- **Do NOT** subject the hose to potential hazard such as fire, sharp objects, extreme heat or cold or heavy impact
- **Do NOT** allow the hose to kink, twist, curl, crush, cut or bend so tightly that the fluid flow within the hose is blocked or reduced. Periodically inspect the hose for wear
- Hose material and coupler seals must be compatible with the hydraulic fluid used.
 Hoses also must not come in contact with corrosive materials such as battery acid, creosote-impregnated objects and wet paint. Never paint a coupler or hose

FAILURE TO HEED THESE WARNINGS MAY RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY AS WELL AS PROPERTY DAMAGE.



4.0 Installation



IMPORTANT: Always secure threaded port connections with high grade, non-hardening pipe thread sealant. Teflon tape can be used if only one layer of tape is used and it is applied carefully, two threads back, to prevent the tape from being introduced into hydraulic system, which could cause jamming of precision-fit parts

4.1 Familiarise yourself with the specifications and illustrations in this owner's manual. Know your power unit, its limitations and how it operates before attempting to use. Refer to the specification chart below or if in doubt, contact a Durapac representative.

Model Number	kW	Voltage (3 Phase)	Hz	Amps	Usable Oil Capacity (L)	_	Flow per Outlet (Lpm)	Approx. Dry Weight (kg)
PEMS4052	4.0	415	50	8.85	50	700	1.46	180

- **4.2** Check all system fittings and connections to be sure they are tight and leak free.
- **4.3** Check oil level in reservoir before operating power unit.
- **4.4 Hydraulic Connection:** Clean all areas around the oil port of power unit and cylinder. Inspect all threads and fittings for signs of wear and damage and replace as needed. Clean all hose ends, couplers and union ends. Remove the manifold plug and then connect oil output port to suitable fittings and application/cylinder.



To reduce the risk of personal injury and/or property damage, Hydraulic connections must be securely fastened before building pressure in the system. Release all system pressure before loosening any hydraulic connection in the system

5.0 Operation



IMPORTANT:

- It is mandatory that the operator has a full understanding of all instructions, safety regulations, cautions and warnings, before starting to operate any of this high force tool equipment
- To reduce the risk of personal injury and/or property damage, hydraulic connections must be securely fastened before building pressure in the system. Release all system pressure before loosening any hydraulic connection in the system
- Always monitor pressure, load or position using suitable equipment. Pressure may be monitored by means of a manifold and gauge. Correct application position can only be determined by the operator of the equipment
- Never operate a power unit that is not connected to an application. If operated in this condition, the hose and connections will become pressurised. This increases the chance of a burst hazard. Damage may also occur to the power unit and its components



5.1 Lifting:

- 5.1.1 Start the motor with the valves in a neutral or discharge position.
- 5.1.2 With manual directional control valve, turn the handle of one valve to the "A" position, until the corresponding piston touches the load and there is a pressure increase on the gauge. Bring back the handle to the neutral position.
- 5.1.3 Repeat this operation on the other valve. The system is now ready to start a synchronised lift.
- 5.1.4 With manual directional control valves, stop the motor, turn the handles of the valves to "A" and restart the motor.
- 5.1.5 When the expected stroke is reached, switch off the motor again.
- 5.1.6 With electric valves, the sequence is the same, by pushing on the corresponding button of the remote control.

5.2 Lowering:

- 5.2.1 Only with manual valves with piloted checks, with motor stopped, turn the handles to "B".
- 5.2.2 Start the motor until the pistons are retracted.
- 5.2.3 With electric valves the sequence is identical, pushing on the common lowering button.

Note: With single acting cylinders it is not possible to follow precisely the synchronicity during the lowering; a substantial alignment can be achieved by closing all the flow control valves and reopening them ½ round in order to obtain an equal flow restriction.

▲ WARNING: This setting should be done also with double acting cylinders, in order to avoid sudden lowering of the load due to the opening of the piloted check valves as this may cause shocks to the system. If using VCB-1 counterbalance valves it is not necessary to use flow control valves as mentioned above



6.0 Maintenance



IMPORTANT:

- Use only good quality hydraulic fluid. Do NOT use brake fluid, transmission fluid, turbine oil, motor oil, alcohol, glycerine etc. Use of anything other than good quality hydraulic oil will void warranty and damage the power unit, hose, and application. We recommend Durapac Hydraulic Oil or equivalent
- Equipment must only be serviced by a qualified hydraulic technician. For repair service, contact your local Durapac authorised service centre
- Inspect hoses and connections daily. Replace damaged components immediately
- Tighten connections as needed. Use non-hardening pipe thread compound when servicing connections

Dirt, sand, etc. will quickly ruin any hydraulic system. Ensure that couplings are clean and free of foreign matter. After each use, clean couplings and attach dust caps.

Maintenance is required when wear or leakage is noticed. Periodically inspect all components to detect any problem that may require service and maintenance.

6.1 Adding Hydraulic Fluid

- Check oil level regularly
- MARNING: Always add oil with cylinders fully retracted (or extended, if pull cylinders) or the system will contain more oil than the reservoir can hold
 - 6.1.1 Depressurise and disconnect hydraulic hose from application/cylinder.
 - 6.1.2 With the power unit in its upright, horizontal position, remove the air vent plug located on the top plate of the reservoir.
 - 6.1.3 Use a small funnel to fill the reservoir to within 19mm (3/4") of the opening.
 - 6.1.4 Bleed air from system if necessary.
 - 6.1.5 Wipe up any spilled fluid and reinstall the air vent plug/reservoir cap.

6.2 Bleeding Air from the System

- 6.2.1 Repeat Steps 6.1.1 to 6.1.5 (above), if required.
- 6.2.2 Invert cylinder and place at a lower level than the power unit reservoir.
- 6.2.3 Extend and retract the cylinder several times without putting a load on the system. Air will be released into the power unit reservoir.
- 6.2.4 Recheck oil level after removing air.

6.3 Changing Hydraulic Fluid

▲ For best results, change fluid once a year or every 300 hours of use

6.3.1 Repeat Steps 6.1.1 to 6.1.2 (above).



- 6.3.2 Pour used fluid into a sealable container.
- 6.3.3 Repeat Steps 6.1.3 to 6.1.5 (above).
- 6.3.4 Dispose of fluid in accordance with local regulations.

6.4 Lubrication

When power unit is operated on a daily basis, it is recommended that an inline oiler and air dryer is installed and SAE grade oil (5W to 30W) is used.

6.5 Storage

- 6.5.1 When not in use, depressurise and disconnect the hydraulic power unit from the application.
- 6.5.2 Wipe clean thoroughly and store in clean, dry environment. Avoid temperature extremes.
- 6.5.3 For transportation or long storage, replace the air vent plug with shipping plug.
- 6.5.4 Shield power unit with a protective cover.



7.0 Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
Motor will not start	Inadequate or faulty electrical supply	 Check the condition of the power unit's power cord Check the condition of extension cords Check for tripped circuit breaker. Be sure breaker is of adequate size Contact a qualified electrician for any necessary repairs
Noisy operation	Air trapped in system Power unit reservoir too full Low fluid level in power unit	 Check all points where air may leak into the system Refer to 6.2 – Bleeding Air from the System Drain fluid to correct level Refer to 6.1 – Adding Hydraulic
	reservoir	Fill and bleed the system
Power unit oil is over- heating	Oil viscosity is too high	 Refer to 6.3 – Changing Hydraulic Fluid Refill with a good quality hydraulic oil
	Low fluid level in power unit reservoir	 Refer to 6.1 – Adding Hydraulic Fluid Fill and bleed the system
Power unit runs but will not pump oil	Power unit is not primed	Run power unit a few minutes tipping from side to side
	Externally adjustable relief valve is not correctly set	Reset the relief valve to appropriate level
	Damaged o-ring	Send to a Durapac authorised service centre for repair
	Defective control valve	Send to a Durapac authorised service centre for repair
Power unit does not reach rated capacity	Low fluid level in reservoir	 Secure load by other means Depressurise power unit and hose, remove application, then fill and bleed the system
	Leaking system components	Repair or replace as necessary
Poor performance	Fluid level in power unit is low	 Secure load by other means Depressurise power unit and hose, remove application, then fill and bleed the system
Application does not	Overload condition	Remedy overload condition
extend, move or respond	Loose couplers	Tighten couplers
to pressurised fluid	Faulty couplers	Replace couplers
	Malfunctioning power unit	Contact a Durapac authorised service centre for repair



Problem	Cause	Solution
Application does not fully	Reservoir overfilled	Secure load by other means
extend (cylinder or tools)		Depressurise power unit and hose, remove application, then drain fluid to proper level
	Low fluid level in power unit reservoir	 Secure load by other means Depressurise power unit and hose, remove application, then fill and bleed the system
	Load above capacity of system	Use correct equipment
Application responds	Loose connection or coupler	Tighten couplers
slower than normal	Restricted hydraulic line or fitting	Clean and replace if damaged
	Power unit not operating correctly	 Check power unit's operating instructions Repair or replace as necessary
	Low fluid level in power unit	Secure load by other means
	reservoir	Depressurise power unit and hose, remove application, then fill and bleed the system
Application responds to pressurised fluid, but	Leaky connection	Clean, reseal with thread sealant, and tighten connection
system does not maintain pressure	Leaking cylinder seals	 Replace worn seals. Look for excessive contamination or wear. Replace contaminated fluid
	Power unit or valve not operating correctly	Contact a Durapac authorised service centre for repair
	Overload condition	Remedy overload condition
Application does not return fluid to power unit (i.e.	Closed release valve	Secure load by other meansOpen release valve
cylinder will not retract)	Loose couplers	Secure load by other meansTighten couplers
	Blocked hydraulic lines	Secure load by other meansClean and flush lines
	Weak or broken retraction springs	 Secure load by other means Contact a Durapac authorised service centre for repair
	Internally damaged cylinder	 Secure load by other means Contact a Durapac authorised service centre for repair
	Power unit reservoir too full	 Secure load by other means Depressurise power unit and hose, remove application, then drain fluid to proper level